

유형 4 함축 의미 추론하기

기출 적용

* 끊어 읽기 한 표시를 따라 문장 구조에 유의하여 해석을 써보세요.

A psychology professor / raised a glass of water / while teaching / her students / how to handle stress.

She then asked / them, / “How heavy is this glass of water / I’m holding?”

Students shouted out / various answers.

The professor replied, / “The absolute weight / of this glass / doesn’t matter. / It depends on /

how long I hold it.

If I hold it / for a minute, / it’s quite light.

But, / if I hold it / for a day straight, / it will cause severe pain / in my arm.

In each case, / the weight of the glass / is the same, / but / the longer / I hold it, / the heavier /

it feels to me.”

She continued, / “Your stresses / in life / are like this glass of water. /

If you still feel / the weight of yesterday’s stress, / it’s time / to put the glass down.”

유형 4 TEST

1번

*굵게 읽기 한 표시를 따라 문장 구조에 유의하여 해석을 써보세요.

When we hear someone laugh, / we usually think / it's because / they've heard or seen /

something funny.

However, / only 15 percent of laughs / are due to humor.

The majority of laughs / are actually just social responses / that connect us to other people.

Scientists believe that / humans have been using / this bonding technique / for centuries.

Before humans created language, / laughter was used / to strengthen relationships.

Even / today / we still use it / for this purpose.

For example, / if some friends are watching a movie / and one of them laughs / at something, /

the rest of the group / will probably follow.

When we see or hear laughter, / we want to join / in it.

In essence, / laughter is the shortest distance / between two people.

2번

*罫어 읽기 한 표시를 따라 문장 구조에 유의하여 해석을 써보세요.

When people browse the Internet, / their sense of time / changes.

They might complete a task / and guess that / it took no more than 10 minutes.

But / in reality, / it actually took / double that time.

That's because / people often do things / like randomly checking / their e-mails or messages /

in the middle of their work.

Or, / they find a useful webpage / and bookmark it / for later.

While they stare at a screen, / they can't keep track of time / accurately.

To avoid falling into this trap, / people must approach the Internet / with more purpose.

For example, / they can better define / what information they're looking for / before going online.

They should focus on / completing a single task / rather than doing things / like checking e-mails /

at the same time.

3번

*罅어 읽기 한 표시를 따라 문장 구조에 유의하여 해석을 써보세요.

Many animals have lost / their natural habitats / due to human activity.

But / some of them / have found ways / to continue living.

They now can be counted / in the city's population.

They have altered their behaviors / to survive / in their new environment.

For example, / city coyotes are now looking / both ways / before crossing the street / to avoid /

fast-moving cars.

Racoons and bears / have learned that / they can find food / in trash cans.

These animals / have had no choice / but to learn / city survival skills.

Humans have forced / them / to change their habitats, / and they've successfully blended / into city life /

as a result.
